

DECENTRALIZED FINANCE FOR CLIMATE JUSTICE



Partos Session December 2024













OVERVIEW OF THE VCA







VCA PILLARS

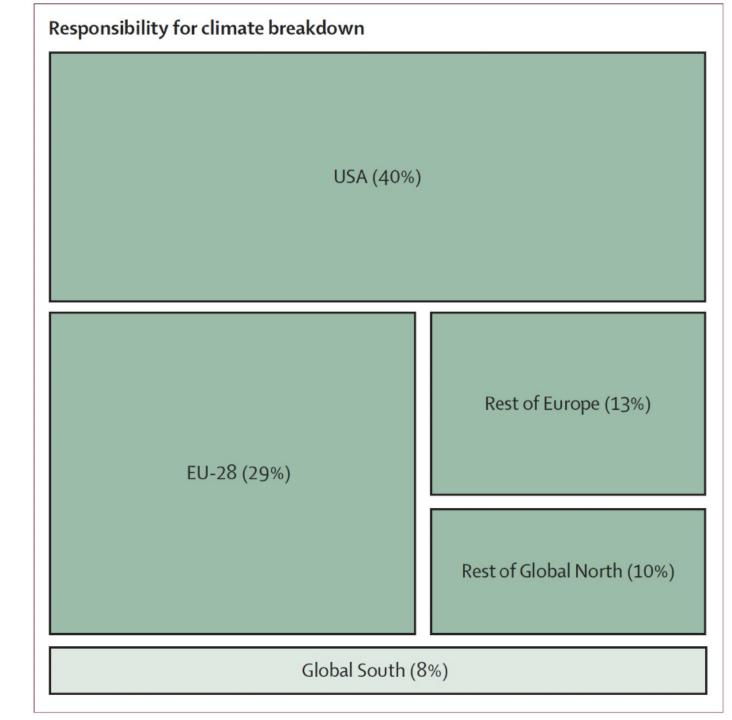


- Pillar 1: Mutual capacity strengthening for co-creating locally shaped solutions
- Pillar 2: Agenda-setting and movement building (shape public debate on just transition)
- Pillar 3: Lobby and advocacy to make policy and finance responsive (change in policy, practice and budget)



CLIMATE FINANCE: A VCA PERSPECTIVE

- Accumulated through public, private and alternative means, climate finance aims to support climate adaptation and mitigation objectives at the local, national, and international levels.
- Climate Finance only works through a Climate Justice Approach.



CLIMATE FINANCE: A VCA PERSPECTIVE



- Majority of traditional funds further entrench inequalities, often not reaching vulnerable communities in global south.
- Current financing systems are not designed to support small, informal and grassroots groups and organisations efficiently.





- Designed to ensure finance reaching the most local levels.
- 3.5 M € total budget
- 2 funding cycles: (1) for climate emergencies as rapid response mechanism and (2) for climate opportunities.





GRANTEES

• Small informal organizations/movements that do not have the capacity to apply and report on more formal grants but that represent local right holders and work on local climate solutions. (cashflow of <10000/year)

Groups/ Individuals:

- 1) hard-to-reach/informal groups/individuals i.e. (youth, women, rural, urban and indigenous groups) who by their informal nature of operations, would not normally access program's resources
- 2) Environmental Defenders, Climate activists, journalists, local climate champions who may not be acting on behalf of a (formal) organization.





PARAGUAY

Defence of defenders:

- oTravel support for community leaders to the capital, for meetings with different governmental institutions
- oTravel support to participate in regional events, concerning HR and environmental rights
- Mobilization of indigenous/rural leaders and organizations
- oRequests for legal defence of defenders
- Basic equipment for grassroots organizations

Climate Emergencies:

- Access to drinking water in dry areas;
 water wells
- oWater harvesting in dry areas
- oLoss and damage by heavy rainfall or hail

KENYA

Climate solutions:

- oSoil & Water Conservation-Initiatives around damage control and water harvesting based on anticipated El-Nino rains (unblocking drains & culverts, building gabions, construction of sand dams)
- Waste management (Urban areas)
- Mangrove Restoration (Coastal Belt)
- Re-cycling, Production of Eco- briquettes,
 Re-usable sanitary towels & diapers
- o Awareness On Climate Change





STRENGHTS:

- NLGF reaches the 'unreachable' and capacitates smaller, grassroots CSOs and communities.
- Flexible and simplified due diligence.
- Working through experienced fund managers that have contextual knowledge and experience.
- 2 different funding cycles allow for fast disbursement.





CHALLENGES

- Scoping and defining context-specific emergencies or opportunities for the grant
- Criteria for selection
- Reaching and connecting communities to the grant (climate change jargon, language, climate rationale)
- Measuring impact and progress through the grants & sustainability
- Resourcing for grant management
- Potential to scale up climate solutions?
- Strategic Advocacy potential





WHAT'S NEXT FOR US

- Lots of lesson sharing...
- Lots of advocacy...
- Unpacking impact!





THANK YOU!



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